

TIN

Though they had ideas enough to distinguish gold from a stone, and metal from wood, yet they but *timorously* ventured on such terms which should pretend to signify their real essences.

Let dastard souls be *timorously* wife:
But tell them, Pyrrhus knows not how to form
Far-fancy'd ills, and dangers out of sight.

TIMOROUSNESS, *n. f.* [from *timor*.] Fearfulness.

The clergy, through the *timorousness* of many among them, were refused to be heard by their council.

TIMOUS, *adj.* [from *time*.] Early; timely; not innate.

By a wife and *timous* inquisition, the peccant humours and humours must be discovered, purged, or cut off.

TIN, *n. f.* [from *ten*, Dutch.]

1. One of the primitive metals called by the chemists Jupiter.

Quicksilver, lead, iron, and *tin*, have opacity or blackness.

Tin ore sometimes holds about one-sixth of *tin*. Woodward.

2. Thin plates of iron covered with tin.

To *TIN*, *v. a.* [from the noun.] To cover with tin.

To keep the earth from getting into the vessel, he employed a plate of iron *tinned* over and perforated.

The cover may be *tinned* over only by nailing of single tin plates over it.

New *tinning* a saucepan is chargeable.

TINICAL, *n. f.* A mineral.

The *tinical* of the Persians seems to be the chrysolite of the ancients, and what our borax is made of.

To *TINCT*, *v. a.* [from *tinctus*, Lat. *teint*, Fr.]

1. To stain; to colour; to spot; to die.

Some bodies have a more deperitable nature than others in colouration; for a small quantity of saffron will *tinct* more than a very great quantity of wine.

Some were *tinted* blue, some red, others yellow.

I distilled some of the *tinted* liquor, and all that came over was as limpid as rock water.

Those who have preserved an innocence, would not suffer the whiter parts of their soul to be discoloured or *tinted* by the reflection of one sin.

2. To imbue with a taste.

We have artificial wells made in imitation of the natural, as *tinted* upon vitriol, sulphur, and steel.

TINCT, *n. f.* [from the verb.] Colour; stain; spot.

That great medicine hath
With his *tint* gilded thee.

The purple streaming amethyst is thine.

The first scent of a vessel lasts, and the *tint* the wool first appears of.

TINCTURE, *n. f.* [from *tinctura*, Fr. *tinctura* from *tinctus*, Lat.]

1. Colour or taste superadded by something.

The fight must be sweetly deceived by an insensible passage from bright colours to dimmer, which Italian artisans call the middle *tinctures*.

Hence the morning planet gilds her horn,
By *tincture* or reflection they augment
Their small peculiar.

'Tis the fate of princes that no knowledge
Come pure to them, but passing through the eyes
And ears of other men, it takes a *tincture*
From every channel.

That beloved thing engrosses him, and, like a coloured glass before his eyes, casts its own colour and *tincture* upon all the images of things.

To begin the practice of an art with a light *tincture* of the rules, is to expose ourselves to the scorn of those who are judges.

Malignant tempers, whatever kind of life they are engaged in, will discover their natural *tincture* of mind.

Few in the next generation who will not write and read, and have an early *tincture* of religion.

Sire of her joy and source of her delight;
O! wing'd with pleasure take thy happy flight,
And give each future morn a *tincture* of thy white.

All manners take a *tincture* from our own,
Or come discoloured through our passions shown.

Have a care lest some darling science so far prevail over your mind, as to give a sovereign *tincture* to all your other studies, and discolour all your ideas.

2. Extract of some drug made in spirits; an infusion.

In *tinctures* drawn from vegetables, the superfluous spirit of wine distilled off leaves the extract of the vegetable.

To *TINCTURE*, *v. a.* [from the noun.]

1. To imbue or impregnate with some colour or taste.

The bright sun compacts the precious stone,
Imparting radiant lustre like his own:
He *tinctures* rubies with their rosy hue,
And on the sapphire spreads a heavenly blue.

A little black paint will *tincture* and spoil twenty gay colours.

2. To imbue the mind.

TIN

Early were our minds *tinctured* with a distinguishing sense of good and evil; early were the seeds of a divine love, and holy fear of offending, sown in our hearts.

To *TIND*, *v. a.* [from *tindan*, Gothick; *tenban*, Saxon.] To kindle; to set on fire.

TINDER, *n. f.* [from *tyndre*, Saxon.] Any thing eminently inflammable fitted to catch fire.

Strike on the *tinder* ho!

Give me a taper.

To these shameless pastimes were their youth admitted, thereby adding, as it were, fire to *tinder*.

Where sparks and fire do meet with *tinder*.

Those sparks more fire will still engender.

Whoever our trading with England would hinder,
To inflame both the nations do plainly conspire;
Because Irish linen will soon turn to *tinder*,
And wool it is greasy, and quickly takes fire.

TINDERBOX, *n. f.* [from *tinder* and *box*.] The box for holding *tinder*.

That worthy patriot, once the bellows,
And *tinderbox* of all his fellows.

He might even as well have employed his time in catching moles, making lanterns and *tinderboxes*.

TINE, *n. f.* [from *tinne*, Islandick.]

1. The tooth of a harrow; the spike of a fork.

In the southern parts of England they destroy moles by traps that fall on them, and strike sharp *tines* or teeth through them.

2. Trouble; distress.

The root whereof, and tragical effect,
Vouchsafe, O thou the mournful muse of mine,
That won't it the tragick stage for to direct,
In funeral complaints and wailful *tine*.

To *TINE*, *v. a.* [from *tinne*, Saxon.]

1. To kindle; to light; to set on fire.

Strifeful *Tine* in their stubborn mind
Coals of contention and hot vengeance *tine'd*.

The clouds
Jutting or push'd with winds, rude in their shock,
Tine the flant lightning; whose thwart flame driv'n down,
Kindles the gummy bark of fir.

The priest with holy hands was seen to *tine*
The cloven wood, and pour the ruddy wine.

2. [from *tinne*, Saxon, to *shut*.] To shut.

To *TINE*, *v. n.*

1. To rage; to smart.

2. To fight.

Eden stain'd with blood of many a band
Of Scots and English both, that *tined* on his strand.

To *TINGE*, *v. a.* [from *tinge*, Lat.] To impregnate or imbue with a colour or taste.

Sir Roger is something of an humourist; and his virtues as well as imperfections are *tinged* by a certain extravagance, which makes them particularly his.

A red powder mixed with a little blue, or a blue with a little red, doth not presently lose its colour; but a white powder mixed with any colour is presently *tinged* with that colour, and is equally capable of being *tinged* with any colour whatever.

If the eye be *tinged* with any colour, as in the jaundice, so as to *tinge* pictures in the bottom of the eye with that colour, all objects appear *tinged* with the same colour.

Still lays some useful bile aside,
To *tinge* the chyle's insipid tide;
Else we should want both gibe and satire,
And all be burst with pure good-nature.

The infusions of rhubarb and saffron *tinge* the urine with a high yellow.

TINGENT, *adj.* [from *tingens*, Lat.] Having the power to tinge.

This wood, by the tincture it afforded, appeared to have its coloured part genuine; but as for the white part, it appears much less enriched with the *tingent* property.

TINGLASS, *n. f.* [from *tingl*, Dutch.] Bismuth.

To *TINGLE*, *v. n.* [from *tingelen*, Dutch.]

1. To feel a sound, or the continuance of a sound, in the ears.

This is perhaps rather *tingle*.

When our ear *tingles*, we usually say that somebody is talking of us; which is an ancient conceit.

2. To feel a sharp quick pain with a sensation of motion.

The pale boy senator yet *tingles* stands.

3. To feel either pain or pleasure with a sensation of motion.

The sense of this word is not very well ascertained.

They suck pollution through their *tingling* veins.

In a palsy, sometimes the sensation of feeling is either totally abolished, or dull with a sense of *tingling*.

To *TINK*, *v. n.* [from *tinno*, Latin; *tinian*, Welsh.] To make a sharp shrill noise.

TINKER, *n. f.* [from *tink*, because their way of proclaiming their trade is to beat a kettle, or because in their tink they make a tinkling noise.] A mender of old brass.

Am not I old Sly's son, by education a cardmaker, and now by present profession a *tinker*.

TIP

My copper medals by the pound
May be with learned justice weigh'd:
To turn the balance, Ocho's head
May be thrown in: and for the mettle
The coin may mend a *tinker's* kettle.

To *TINKLE*, *v. n.* [from *tinter*, Fr. *tinno*, Latin.]

1. To make a sharp quick noise; to clink.

The daughters of Zion are haughty, and walk with stretched out necks, making a *tinkling* with their feet.

His feeble hand a javelin threw,
Which flitting, seem'd to loiter as it flew:
Just, and but barely, to the mark it held,
And faintly *tinkl'd* on the brazen shield.

The sprightly horse
Moves to the music of his *tinkling* bells.

2. It seems to have been improperly used by Pope.

The wand'ring streams that shine between the hills,
The grotts that echo to the *tinkling* rills.

3. To hear a low quick noise.

With deeper brown the grove was overspread,
A sudden horror seiz'd his giddy head,
And his ears *tinkled*, and the colour fled.

TINMAN, *n. f.* [from *tin* and *man*.] A manufacturer of tin, or iron tinned over.

Didst thou never pop
Thy head into a *tinman's* shop.

TIPPENY, *n. f.* A certain customary duty anciently paid to the tithingmen.

TIPSWORM, *n. f.* An insect.

TINNER, *n. f.* [from *tin*; *tin*, Saxon.] One who works in the tin mines.

The Cornish men, many of them could for a need live under-ground, that were *tinner*s.

TINSEL, *n. f.* [from *tinelle*, Fr.]

1. A kind of shining cloth.

A *tinse*l veil her amber locks did shroud,
That strove to cover what it could not hide.

Its but a night-gown in respect of your's; cloth of gold and cuts, underborne with a bluish *tinse*l.

By 'Theiss' *tinse*l slipper'd feet,
And the songs of sirens sweet.

2. Any thing shining with false lustre; any thing showy and of little value.

For favours cheap and common who would strive;
Yet scatter'd here and there I some behold,
Who can discern the *tinse*l from the gold?

If the man will too curiously examine the superficial *tinse*l good, he undecives himself to his own cost.

No glittering *tinse*l of May fair,
Could with this rod of Sid compare.

Ye *tinse*l insects, whom a court maintains,
That counts your beauties only by your stains,
Spin all your cobwebs o'er the eyes of day,
The mule's wing shall brush you all away.

To *TINSEL*, *v. a.* [from the noun.] To decorate with cheap ornaments; to adorn with lustre that has no value.

Hence you phantastick possillers in song,
My text defeats your art, 'tis nature's tongue,
Scorns all her *tinse*l'd o'er in robes of varying hues,
Flattered by nothing but herself.

She, *tinse*l'd o'er in robes of varying hues,
With self-applause her wild creation views,
Sees momentary monsters rise and fall,
And with her own fool's colours gilds them all.

TINT, *n. f.* [from *tinte*, Fr. *tinta*, Ital.] A dye; a colour.

Whether thy hand strike out some free design,
Where life awakes, and dawns at every line;
Or blend in beautiful *tint* the colour'd mass,
And from the canvas call the mimic face.

TINY, *adj.* [from *tiny*, Danish.] Little; small; puny. A burlesque word.

Some pigeons, Davy, and any pretty little *tiny* kickshaws.

When that I was a little *tiny* boy,
A foolish thing was but a toy.

But ah! I fear thy little fancy roves,
On little females and on little loves;
Thy pigmy children, and thy *tiny* spouse,
The baby playthings that adorn thy house.

TIP, *n. f.* [from *tippen*, Dutch.] Top; end; point; extremity.

The *tip* no jewel needs to wear,
The *tip* is jewel of the ear.

They touch the beard with the *tip* of their tongue, and wet it.

Thrice upon thy fingers *tip*,
Thrice upon thy rubied *tip*.

All the pleasure dwells upon the *tip* of his tongue.

She has fifty private amours, which nobody yet knows any thing of but herself, and thirty clandestine marriages that have not been touched by the *tip* of the tongue.

TIR

I no longer look upon lord Plausible as ridiculous, for admiring a lady's fine *tip* of an ear and pretty elbow.

To *TIP*, *v. a.* [from the noun.]

1. To top; to end; to cover on the end.

In his hand a reed
Stood waving, *tip*'d with fire.

With truncheon *tip*'d with iron head,
The warrior to the lists he led.

How would the old king smile
To see you weigh the paws, when *tip*'d with gold,
And throw the shaggy spoils about your shoulders.

Quarto's, octavo's shape the less'ning pyre,
And last a little Ajax *tip*'s the spite.

Behold the place, where if a poet
Shin'd in description, he might show it;
Tell how the moon-beam trembling falls,
And *tips* with silver all the walls.

Fair ermines spotless as the snows they press.

2. To strike lightly; to tap.

She writes love letters to the youth in grace,
Nay, *tips* the wink before the cuckold's face.

The pert jackanapes *tip*'d me the wink, and put out his tongue at his grandfather.

A third rogue *tips* me by the elbow.

Their judgment was, upon the whole,
That lady is the dullest soul;
Then *tip*'s their forehead in a jeer,
As who should say, she wants it here.

When I saw the keeper frown,
Tip'ping him with half a crown,
Now, said I, we are alone,
Name your heroes one by one.

TIPPER, *n. f.* [from *tipper*, Sax.] Something worn about the neck.

His turban was white, with a small red cross on the top: he had also a *tipper* of fine linnen.

To *TIPPLE*, *v. n.* [from *tipel*, a dug, old Teutonic.] To drink luxuriously; to waste life over the cup.

Let us grant it is not amiss to fit,
And keep the turn of *tippling* with a slave,
To reel the streets at noon.

To *TIPPLE*, *v. a.* To drink in luxury or excess.

While his canting drone-pipe scan'd
The mystick figures of her hand,
He *tipples* palmestry, and dines
On all her fortune-telling lines.

To a short meal he makes a tedious grace,
Before the barley-pudding comes in place;
Then bids fall on; himself for saving charges
A peck'd sic'd onion eats, and *tipples* verjuice.

If a slumber haply does invade
My weary limbs, my fancy's still awake,
Thoughtful of drink, and eager in a dream,
Tipples imaginary pots of ale.

TIPPLE, *n. f.* [from the verb.] Drink; liquor.

While the *tipple* was paid for, all went merrily on.

TIPPLED, *adj.* [from *tipple*.] Tipply; drunk.

Merry, we sail from the East,
Half *tippled* at a rainbow feast.

TIPPLER, *n. f.* [from *tipple*.] A foolish drunkard; an idle drunken fellow.

TIPSTAFF, *n. f.* [from *tip* and *staff*.]

1. An officer with a staff tipped with metal.

2. The staff itself so tipped.

One had in his hand a tipstaff of a yellow cane, *tip*'ped at both ends with blue.

One had in his hand a *tipstaff* of a yellow cane, tipped at both ends with blue.

TIPSY, *adj.* [from *tipple*.] Drunk; overpowered with excess of drink.

The riot of the *tipsy* bacchanals,
Tearing the Thracian finger in their rage.

Welcome joy and feast,
Midnight shout and revelry,
Tip'sy dance and jollity.

TIPTOE, *n. f.* [from *tip* and *toe*.] The end of the toe.

Where the fond ape himself uprearing high,
Upon his *tip*'stoes stalketh stately by.

He that outlives this day and comes safe home,
Will stand a *tip*'stoe when this day is nam'd,
And rouse him at the name of Crispian.

Night's candles are burnt out, and jocund day
Stands *tip*'stoe on the misty mountains tops.

Religion stands on *tip*'stoe in our land,
Ready to pass to the American strand.

Ten ruddy wildings in the wood I found,
And stood on *tip*'stoes from the ground.

TIRE, *n. f.* [from *tyr*, Dutch.]

1. Rank; row.

Your lowest *tire* of ordnance must lie four foot clear above water, when all loading is in, or else those your best pieces will